



SELECTION CRITERIA AND METHODOLOGY

for applications submitted to the INTERREG Austria-Hungary 2021-2027 Programme



Project selection in the programme INTERREG Austria-Hungary 2021-2027

Project selection is based on two sets of criteria:

- 1. administrative and eligibility criteria,
- 2. quality assessment criteria.

Administrative and eligibility criteria have to be fulfilled by every project proposal; they are "knock-out" criteria. They do not measure the quality of the project or its content. Only if all administrative and eligibility criteria are fulfilled a project will proceed to the Monitoring Committee (MC) for decision.

Quality assessment criteria measure the relevance and feasibility of the project. This is reflected in two types of assessment criteria. Strategic assessment criteria are meant to determine the extent of the project's contribution to the achievement of the programme objectives. A strong focus is given to the result orientation of a project with the demand for visible outputs and concrete results. Operational assessment criteria review the viability and feasibility of the proposed project, as well as its value for money in terms of resources used versus results delivered.

In line with its Rules of Procedure, these selection criteria and methodology are subject to approval by the MC^1 .

1 Administrative and eligibility assessment

In line with the requirements for e-cohesion, **applications** in the Interreg Austria-Hungary 2021-2027 Programme **can only be submitted via the programme's electronic monitoring system, Jems**. Jems applies certain pre-submission verifications² that prevent applicants to submit applications with obvious formal errors. In addition to pre-submission checks that are targeted to technical details (such as mandatory fields must not remain empty) formal/administrative criteria by the programme are also checked – where this is technically possible – via pre-submission verifications, or are built in requirements such as submission by the set deadline. These administrative criteria are included in Table 1.

Other administrative and eligibility criteria are subject to check by the programme's Joint Secretariat, following the submission of the application for funding – these are listed in Table 2. All questions in the list of administrative and eligibility criteria must be answered with yes/no (for exception related to criteria B.1.4 see footnote 8). In line with B.1 of the administrative and eligibility criteria Member State representatives and Regional Coordinators contribute to the assessment procedure.

If, during the assessment, it is found that any of the administrative or eligibility criteria are not met, the applicant will receive a letter with a request for clarification and completion of missing documents. If any of the criteria are not met within the deadline for amendment, the project cannot be submitted for decision to the MC.

Those project applications that fully comply with the administrative and eligibility criteria will be subject to quality assessment.

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Pre-submission checks of technical nature, included in the section A.7 are exempt from approval by the MC – in case of changes in the content of such pre-submission checks the MC should be informed.

Standard Jems pre-submission verifications are available at the Jems Portal: https://jems.inter-act-eu.net/manual/.



Table 1 Pre-submission verifications in Jems

Nº.	Administrative	Description of Jems criteria or pre-submission verification				
	criteria	Standard projects	Small-scale projects	No		
A.1	The application is submitted by the set deadline.	meeting will be evaluated and – if eligible – propose different (longer or shorter) time period for project su	applications submitted via Jems to the Joint Secretariat at latest by noon, 70 days before the MC l be evaluated and – if eligible – proposed to the MC for decision. The MC can decide about a nger or shorter) time period for project submission. In any case the latest date of submission for proposed to the MC is published on the programme webpage, and the upcoming Jems submission			
A.2	The project fulfils minimum requirements for partnership.	 The following partnership-related requirements have to be fulfilled: 1. At least one Austrian and one Hungarian partner are involved. 2. One of the partners has to be lead partner (Austrian or Hungarian). 	 The following partnership related requirements have to be fulfilled: At least one Austrian and one Hungarian partner are involved. One of the partners has to be lead partner (Austrian or Hungarian). Small-scale projects do not include more than 3 partners. 			

Nº.	Administrative criteria	Description of Jems criteria or pre-submissi	on verification	Yes or No
	Citteria	Standard projects	Small-scale projects	NO
A.3	The project fulfils minimum requirements for content.	 The following content-related requirements have to be fulfilled: The project is assigned to a programme priority and a specific objective. The project work plan includes at least one, but not more than five work package(s), each with a linked project specific objective and a communication objective. The project work plan includes at least one output with a positive target value, linked to one of the programme output indicators. The selection of RCO87 is compulsory. Standard projects must select at least one further output indicator. Outputs are delivered at latest during the period when activities within the respective work package end. All activities lead to at least one deliverable. The project work plan shall include at least one result with a positive target value, linked to one of the programme result indicators. The selection of RCR84 is compulsory. Standard projects must select at least one further result indicator, linked to the selected output indicator. The baseline for result indicators must always be 0. At least 3 cooperation criteria should be selected, "Joint development" and "Joint implementation" are mandatory. Unless a project partner selects the 40% "Other costs flat rate", the flat rates for the cost categories "Office and administration cost" and "Travel and accommodation costs" are obligatory and have to be both selected. 	 The following content-related requirements have to be fulfilled: The project is assigned to a programme priority and a specific objective. The project work plan includes exactly one work package with a linked project specific objective and a communication objective. The project work plan includes at least one output with a positive target value, linked to one of the programme output indicators. The selection of RCO87 is compulsory. Outputs are delivered at latest during the period when activities within the respective work package end. All activities lead to at least one deliverable. The project work plan shall include at least one result with a positive target value, linked to one of the programme result indicators. The selection of RCR84 is compulsory. The baseline for result indicators must always be 0. At least 3 cooperation criteria should be selected, "Joint development" and "Joint implementation" are mandatory. Unless a project partner selects the 40% "Other costs flat rate", the flat rates for the cost categories "Office and administration cost" and "Travel and accommodation costs" are obligatory and have to be both selected. Small-scale projects do not include investment in infrastructure and works (or costs in the respective category). 	

Nº.	Administrative	Description of Jems criteria or pre-submission verification				
	criteria	Standard projects	Small-scale projects	No		
A.4	Time limits are respected.	Not applicable	The time limit for small-scale projects is respected (maximum duration 18 months).			
A.5	Minimum and maximum budget requirements are respected including percentage of co-financing.	 The following budget-related requirements have to be fulfilled: The support from the ERDF does not exceed 80% of the partner's total budget. Min. 20% of partner total budget is secured by national contribution(s)³	 The following budget-related requirements have to be fulfilled: The support from the ERDF does not exceed 80% of the partner's total budget. Min. 20% of partner total budget is secured by national contribution(s)³			
A.6	Article 53 (2) of CPR is respected.	Not applicable	Beneficiaries of small-scale projects shall use SCOs of- fered by the programme to the fullest possible extent. Real costs shall be possible only when direct costs are used as the basis of staff or other costs flat rate option. I.e. the partner budget must either use the staff flat rate option (based on real costs in services and equip- ment) or the 40% other cost flat rate (as a percentage of staff costs on unit cost basis).			

Concerning required documentation of national financial contribution(s) see the section about obligatory annexes. For specific rules about Hungarian government contribution see the Application Manual / Eligibility Manual.

Nº.	Administrative	Description of Jems criteria or pre-submission verification				
	criteria	Standard projects	Small-scale projects	No		
A.7	Technical pre-submission checks:	the "Legal status" of the partner – either public of 5. Zip codes must comply with the pre-defined form 6. All Hungarian project partners have a tax ID. 7. Austrian partners must either have a UID number 8. VAT ID (tax ID or UID) must comply with the production of the partners, and 8 digits – 1 digit – 2 digit	Jems pre-submission verifications (see footnote 2). Inked in Jems to the period "Preparation". In resources, the "Legal status of the contribution" equals or private. In at (4 digits both in Austria and in Hungary). In the resource of the contribution and the second of the second of the second of the contribution and the second of t			





Table 2 Administrative and eligibility criteria to be checked by the Joint Secretariat

Nº.	Administrative and	Description for the checks by the Joint Secretariat			
	eligibility criteria	Standard projects	Small-scale projects	No	
B.1	Obligatory annexes are attached to the application form.	and be submitted by the deadline signature shall be submitted. Obligatory annexes, to be attached. 1. lead partner and partner dec. 2. partnership agreement ⁵ , 3. declaration about financing orgation and/or by the financing orgation. 4. de-minimis declaration ⁸ . Representatives of the member standled the submitted is no evidence of facts contradiation.	clarations according to the programme's template, contribution(s) (issued by the partner organisation in case of own resources nisation in case of third-party contribution) ^{6,7} , cates and regional coordinators shall be invited to check to their best the planned operations, also using available open databases etc., that there licting the content of the lead partner and partner declarations (or declara-		
		knowledge of the applicants and the is no evidence of facts contraditions within the partnership agreed about double financing, operations.	he planned operations, also using available open databases etc., that there		

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The signed partnership agreement is a mandatory annex from the date when the template by the programme becomes available (expected for the second submission round).

If the financial commitment of a municipality, or (in Hungary) of a micro-regional association is bound to a municipality resolution or to a similar document by national legislation, this must be also attached.

No declaration is needed about the Hungarian government contribution.

In exceptional cases, if a partner has not submitted the de-minimis declaration, the project can be considered as formally compliant under the condition that the partner concerned does not receive de-minimis support for the submitted project.



Nº.	Administrative and eligibility criteria	Description for the checks by the Joint Secretariat				
	engionity enteria	Standard projects	Small-scale projects	110		
B.2	Supporting documents are attached to the application form.	 Supporting documents if the staff flat rate is applied: declaration of the relevant institution about the number of employees covered by social insurance⁹. Supporting documents for projects including investment in infrastructure and works: proof of property/rights of use¹⁰, plans that enable a proper cost calculation, incl. division of infrastructure costs between programmes/projects, if applicable. in case of investments in infrastructure with an expected lifespan of at least five years, proof that an assessment of expected impacts of climate change has been carried out, or if not, it is ensured that it will be documented until ERDF contracting, but not later than 6 months after 	Supporting documents if the staff flat rate is applied: 1. declaration of the relevant institution about the number of employees covered by social insurance ⁹ .			
		the approval by the MC. Optional annexes (if relevant): 5. annual report, 6. registry/foundation documents.	Optional annexes (if relevant): 2. annual report, 3. registry/foundation documents.			

In Hungary: issued by the Kormányhivatal Családtámogatási és Társadalombiztosítási Főosztály, Egészségbiztosítási Osztály. In Austria: issued by the Krankenkasse.

Depending on the ownership/rental conditions the proof of ownership/usage rights includes:

[•] Copies of land registry about the construction sites as listed in the application.

[•] If the construction site is not the property of the respective project partner, additionally the written agreement of the owner (acc. land registry) about the rental or the transfer of usage rights to the project partner. In case of institutional ownership, the documentation must be clearly compliant with the internal authorization procedures (e.g. attach municipal resolution, where relevant). Rights of use after project closure in compliance with article 65 of Regulation (EU) 1060/2021 must be also proven.

Nº.	Administrative and eligibility criteria	Description for the checks by the Joint Secretariat				
	engionity criteria	Standard projects	Small-scale projects	No		
В.3	The application package is compiled in the required language(s).	The following documents must be bilingual (German and 1. application form (including additional English trans 2. lead partner and partner declarations, 3. partnership agreement. Other documents must be submitted in the native languatudies (e.g. feasibility studies) are attached, they must	slation of the project summary), age of the partner concerned. If additional documents,			
B.4	Application form is correctly filled in.	e.g. "to be added later").	the required answer (there is no incorrect information, nificant, obvious differences, missing parts are detected in the course of the clarification round.			
B.5	Administrative and formal data in the application package are consistent.	Information presented in the application form and its an names etc.).	nexes is consistent (e.g. co-financing amounts, partner			
В.6	The lead partner is an eligible organisation.	1082/2006), public equivalent body, non-profit or acts in public interest, 2. private institution, including private companies, ha The lead partner must be located 1. in the programme area,	rovided that it has legally defined competences or field			



Nº.	Administrative and eligibility criteria	Description for the checks by the Joint Secretariat				
	engiamity entities	Standard projects	Small-scale projects			
B.7	All project partners are eligible organisations.	 The partners are: national, regional or local public bodies, public equivalent bodies (including EGTCs established in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1082/2006), non-profit organisations or other institutions which on project level act in public interest, private institutions, including private companies, having legal personality. Partners must be located in the programme area, or in justified cases outside the programme area, provided that they have legally defined competences or field of functions for certain parts of the programme area, such as ministries, in only exceptional and duly justified cases outside the programme area. 	 The partners are: national, regional or local public bodies, public equivalent bodies (including EGTCs established in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1082/2006), non-profit organisations or other institutions which on project level act in public interest, private institutions, including private companies, having legal personality. Partners must be located in the programme area, or in justified cases outside the programme area, provided that they have legally defined competences or field of functions for certain parts of the programme area, such as ministries. 			



2 Quality assessment

Based on the submitted application form (and its annexes), the Joint Secretariat (JS) assesses every project and produces a non-binding recommendation to the MC. The evaluation includes scores as well as descriptive comments to each criterion and a summary, including strengths, weaknesses and open questions with regard to the project. The purpose of the evaluation is to support the MC in its decision making. The right and responsibility to decide about project approval is the sole responsibility of the MC, whose decision may be different from the recommendation of the JS. Projects will be evaluated according to the criteria in the table below.

Scores between 0-3 are allocated to each evaluation criteria:

- 0=insufficient
- 1=low
- 2=sufficient
- 3=excellent

Each evaluation criterion has a weight of either 1 or 2, whereby a higher weight is given to those criteria that are considered by the MC to have more significance for the quality of the project. The weighted total score of the project is the product of score and weight for each question, summed up for all the criteria:

- *in case of standard projects* maximum 45 points for the strategic, as well as for the operational assessment criteria, altogether maximum 90 points,
- *in case of small-scale projects* maximum 45 points for the strategic, and maximum 36 points for the operational assessment criteria, altogether maximum 81 points.

The regional coordinators (RC), in exceptional cases external experts or relevant line ministries (also ones that are not represented in the MC) contribute to some criteria (marked in bold) with written comments. The JS consolidates these comments and, if needed, adds comments of its own and summarises the evaluation of these criteria by giving scores.

If the JS gives 0 points at any of the quality assessment criteria, they must give a justification and input for improvement. Giving 0 points in the quality assessment shall be a strong signal to the MC, meaning that there are serious problems with the project. The MC is expected to discuss these criteria, and approval may only be possible, if a sufficient answer can be given to the problem (either in the MC, in the form of a condition or in a resubmitted application).

Low scores received at the strategic and/or operational assessment criteria signal the poor quality of the application. As the strategic relevance of project applications and a clear added-value of the cross-border approach are at the core of the Interreg Austria-Hungary Programme, the importance of strategic criteria is mirrored accordingly by the setting of thresholds. Consequently, the project will be put on a risk list if it scores (weighted total)

in the case of a standard project

- 26 points or less in the strategic assessment criteria,
- 23 points or less in the operational assessment criteria,

and in the case of a small-scale project

- 26 points or less in the strategic assessment criteria,
- 19 points or less in the operational assessment criteria.

In such cases the decision of the MC has to be "rejection" or "postponing".



Table 3 Strategic assessment criteria

Assessment questions		Criteria for the assessment	Scores	Weight	Com-	Sections in
		Standard projects Small-scale projects			ments	AF
Project's context (relevance and strategy) How well is a need for the project jus- tified?	S1.1	The project addresses common territorial challenges of the programme (incl. legal, administrative physical or perceived border obstacles) or a joint asset of the programme area - there is a real need for the project (well justified, reasonable and well explained). With respect to the above, it represents added value: - either by demonstrating new solutions that go beyond the existing practice in the sector/programme area/participating countries, - or by adapting and implementing already developed solutions, while at the same time it capitalizes on (makes use of) available knowledge, builds on existing results and practices, using synergies and complementarity with past or current EU and other projects and initiatives.	0-1-2-3	2		C.2.1 C.2.2 C.2.6 C.2.7
	S1.2	The project clearly contributes to a wider strategy on one or more policy levels (EU / macroregional / national / regional).	0-1-2-3	1		C.2.5
	S1.3	The activities of the project clearly address one or more of the following horizontal principles and make a positive contribution to: - equal opportunities and non-discrimination, and/or - equality between men and women, and/or - environment protection and sustainable development. Negative effects or significant harm to any of these are to be avoided.	0-1-2-3	1		C.7.6

Assessment quest	ions	Criteria for th	e assessment	Scores	Weight	Com-	Sections in
		Standard projects	Small-scale projects			ments	AF
Cooperation character What added value does the cooperation bring?	S2.1	The importance of the cross-border is clearly demonstrated: - the results cannot (or only to see cooperation and/or, - there is a clear benefit from cooperation to the project partners, - for target groups, - for the project/programme are	ome extent) be achieved without operating for:	0-1-2-3	2		C.2.3 C.2.4 B.1.6
	S2.2	At least 3 cooperation criteria are datory), joint implementation (ma joint financing. Partner level congional coordinators is consider	ndatory), and joint staffing or sultation with the relevant re-	0-1-2-3	1		C.7.5 D
Project's contribution to programme targets How well is the project internally constructed, and how it is embedded into the programme, and what impacts it is expected to make?	internal coherence of the project 5.	To what extent is the project intervention logic plausible? - The project specific objective(s) of each work package are clear, realistic and achievable, they support the achievement of the overall objective. - The proposed outputs represent important achievements of the project and of the work package concerned, and contribute to the work package's specific objective. - Project outputs and results are realistic (it is possible to achieve them with the given resources -i.e. time, partners, budget- and they are feasible based on the quantification provided).	To what extent is the project intervention logic plausible? - The project specific objective of the single work package is clear, realistic and achievable. - The proposed output(s) represent(s) important achievements of the project and contribute to the specific objective. - Project outputs and results are realistic (it is possible to achieve them with the given resources -i.e. time, partners, budget- and they are feasible based on the quantification provided).	0-1-2-3	2		C.1, C.4, C.5, C.6, D

Assessment questions	Criteria for th	e assessment	Scores	Weight	Com-	Sections in
	Standard projects	Small-scale projects			ments	AF
link between project and prg.	To what extent will the project contribute to the achievement of programme's objectives and indicators? - The project overall objective clearly contributes to the achievement of the programme priority specific objective. - The project outputs are clearly linked to programme output indicators and their contribution to programme targets is sufficient.	To what extent will the project contribute to the achievement of programme's objectives and indicators? - The project specific objective clearly contributes to the achievement of the programme priority specific objective. - The project outputs are clearly linked to programme output indicators and their contribution to programme targets is sufficient.	0-1-2-3	2		C.1, C.4. C.5
link b	 The project makes clear and sufficient contribution to the achievement of programme result indicators. 	- The project makes clear and sufficient contribution to the achievement of programme result indicators.				
S3.3	erables is ensured. - Project main outputs are durab provide a significant and durab lenges targeted) – if not, it is junction. - Project main outputs are application.	sustainability of the outputs/deliv- le (the proposal is expected to le contribution to solving the chal- ustified. cable and replicable by other or- outside of the current partnership	0-1-2-3	1		C.8.1, C.8.2, C.8.3
S4.1	The project involves the relevant the territorial challenge/joint a fied.	nnt actors needed to address asset and the objectives speci-	0-1-2-3	1		В, С.3

Selection criteria

Assessment questions		Criteria for th	e assessment	Scores	Weight		Sections in
		Standard projects	Small-scale projects			ments	AF
Partnership relevance and distribution of tasks To what extent is the partnership composition relevant for the proposed project?	S4.2	competence and/or experience as well as the necessary capaci nancial, human resources, etc.) - The partnership is balanced (wi	partner organisations have proven in the thematic field concerned, ity to implement the project (fi-). ith respect to levels, sectors, terricomplement each other and the	0-1-2-3	2		B.1.6, C.3, C.4
	Maximal score						
	Maximal weighted score:						

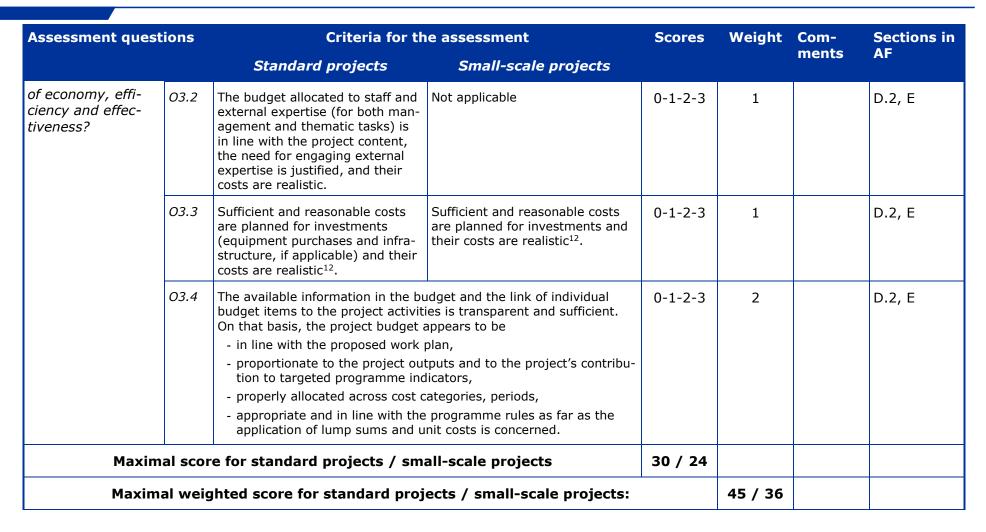
Selection criteria

Table 4 Operational assessment criteria

Assessment questions		Criteria for the assessment		Scores	Weight	Com-	Sections in
		Standard projects	Small-scale projects			ments	AF
Work plan	01.1	Proposed activities and deliverables are relevant and lead to the planned outputs and results.			2		C.4, C.5
To what extent is the work plan real-istic, consistent and coherent?	01.2	The importance of investments and their cross-border relevance is demonstrated to reach project objectives ¹¹ .			1		C.4 Invest- ment
	01.3	Activities, deliverables and outputs are in a logical time-sequence, and the overall time plan is realistic (contingency included).			2		C.6
	01.4	Project management (incl. the lead partner's capacity and competence) is expected to ensure adequate and timely coordination, sufficient quality of content related implementation, involvement of all partners, reliable financial management and appropriate reporting.			1		B.1.6, C.7.1., C.7.2, C.7.4
Communication	02.1	Communication objectives are relefective contribution to the project	0-1-2-3	2		C.4	
To what extent are communication activities appropriate to reach the relevant target groups and stakeholders?							
	02.2	Communication activities and deliverables are appropriate to reach the relevant target groups and stakeholders.		0-1-2-3	1		C.4, C.7.3
Budget To what extent is the budget coherent and is in line with the principles	03.1	Sufficient and reasonable resources are planned to ensure project implementation. The size of the project budget in general, and of its individual budget items specifically, are in line with the principles of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.	Not applicable	0-1-2-3	2		D.2, E

¹¹ In case there is no investment in the project 3 points are automatically allocated (no score is deducted).

Selection criteria



In case there is no investment in the project 3 points are automatically allocated (no score is deducted).



3 Versions of the Selection Criteria and Methodology

Version number	Date	Content of the update
1.0	21.06.2023	-
1.1	30.10.2023	 reference to the contribution of MS/RC added in section 1 pre-submission check regarding unique acronyms skipped due to technical reasons RC/MS contribution to the assessment reorganised (administrative/eligibility at B.1 and quality at S1.1) criterium S4.2 aligned with the Small-Scale Project Application Form criteria O1.2 and O3.3 applied also for SSP, in line with the Small-Scale Project Application Form SSP assessment scores adjusted accordingly
2.0	13.12.2023	 the overall threshold of 65 points for standard projects and 59 points for small-scale projects in the quality assessment was deleted
2.1	07.05.2024	• technical correction at S3.1 and S3.2: false reference to the overall objective at SSPs deleted.